

ROLLER RAN OVER BLACK AND TANS

J. R. Pollard Back From Convention, Complains of Raw, Raw Deal.

SAYS PARTY WILL COME BACK

Negro Leader Claims Insurgents Will Officially Lead Colonel's Campaign.

J. R. Pollard, apostle of the black and tan Republican party in Richmond, was full of plans yesterday for the third party campaign which he said is to be launched in this State soon by the Roosevelt wing. He was just back from the big meeting in Chicago, where, he claims, the real Virginia Republicans were handed the rawest sort of a deal.

"Let me tell you that was some steam roller," declared the chief of the black and tan. "It worked overtime every minute of the day and night, and flattened out everything that got in the way. When they came to the Virginia State contest they stuck spikes on the wheels, and when that roller got through, the organization was perforated at the Richmond Auditorium looked like a second-hand porous plaster."

All of which was not oversteating the case, because report has it that the insurgent delegation from this State got only one vote from the national committee. That vote was cast by Francis J. Heney, of California, who took the prize at Chicago for voting against everything that meant a vote for Taft. The black and tan delegates never got nearer than two city blocks from the temporary roll and, as far as can be ascertained, not a single one succeeded in getting inside the Coliseum.

Says Newcomb Will Lead. That roller certainly flattened us out," said Pollard, "but our organization is made out of India rubber, and it's still on the job. I received personal assurance from Mr. Roosevelt's managers that our organization will be regarded as the progressive Republican party in this State when the Colonel's campaign will be opened next month."

The Roosevelt campaign in this State, said Pollard, will be conducted by J. M. Newcomb, of Petersburg, who was made State chairman at the rump convention held in the City Auditorium. The present plan, he said, was to hold a meeting of the party leaders in Petersburg next Friday to perfect arrangements for a big mass-meeting to be held some time next month. In all probability, said Pollard, the mass-meeting will be held in Richmond, where the new party was born.

"Do I believe that Roosevelt will win? Well, I guess. Why, there isn't a man in the United States big enough to stop him. He stands for real Republicanism and real Democracy, and he is going to poll the biggest vote ever yet recorded in a presidential election. The people are with him."

Pollard Plan Discredited. Prominent members of the white wing of the party, when told of the plan outlined by Pollard, declared to a man that the scheme was as preposterous as it was impossible. The fact that only one of the Roosevelt members of the national committee voted to recognize the black and tan as Chicago, they said, was sufficient proof that the Colonel's managers were disposed to ignore the whole business.

"It would be suicidal," declared one of these, "for Roosevelt to ally himself with the crowd that met here in the City Auditorium, and no one knows this better than the Colonel himself. If the third party is to make its appeal to progressive Republicans and Democrats alike—and I understand that is the program—it will find it impossible to have negroes carry its banner in Virginia, black and tan and white Democrats. The two elements won't mix, and any program along this line will fail miserably."

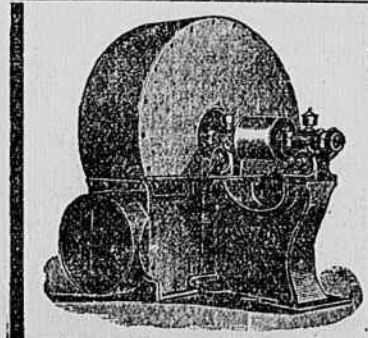
DROWNED IN SURF AT TYBEE

Savannah, Ga., June 24.—W. N. Coler, Jr., of Summit, N. J., was drowned while in bathing at Tybee Sunday morning. The surf was unusually heavy. Coler went beyond the life ropes and was dragged down. His body has not been recovered. With Coler in the water was Miss Dorcas, of the *Waver*, Col. Both came to Savannah from Augusta last night. Mrs. Wolf, Londoner, mother of Miss Londoner, came to Savannah tonight. Coler was a son of the late W. N. Coler, of New York, a graduate of Harvard, and reputed to be a millionaire.

S.S.S. NATURE'S TONIC

The very great majority of persons need a tonic in the Spring or early Summer. The system undergoes a change at this season and the entire physical machinery is disturbed. The general bodily weakness, a tired, worn-out feeling, fickle appetite, poor digestion, a half sick feeling and a general run-down condition of the system, show that the blood is weak or impure, and a blood purifying tonic is needed to build up the deranged system and enrich the blood. The use of S.S.S. at this time may save you from a long spell of sickness, and it will certainly prepare you for the long, hot Summer. Many people have put off using a tonic until the system became so weakened and depleted it could not successfully throw off disease germs, and have paid for the neglect with a spell of fever, malaria or some other debilitating sickness. S.S.S. is Nature's ideal tonic. It is a composition of the extracts and juices of roots, herbs and barks which science and experience have proven are best fitted for a tonic to the human system. It contains no minerals of any kind and is therefore perfectly safe for persons of any age. S.S.S. tones up the stomach and digestion, rids the system of that tired, worn-out feeling, and imparts vigor and strength to every part of the body. It purifies and enriches the blood, stimulates the secreting and excreting members to better action, quiets the overstrained nerves, and makes one feel better in every way.

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LABOR LEADERS SENTENCED AGAIN

Gompers, Morrison and Mitchell Held Guilty of Contempt of Court.

WRIGHT ANNOUNCES DECISION

Appeal to Have Supreme Court Review Judgment Will Be Filed.

Washington, June 24.—Samuel Gompers, Frank Morrison and John Mitchell, the labor leaders, were today held guilty of contempt of court by the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia, in connection with a court's injunction in the Bucks Stove and Range boycott case. They will attempt to appeal again to the Supreme Court of the United States, which reversed their former conviction.

Justice Wright sentenced Gompers to one year, the same as upon his previous conviction; Mitchell, nine months, and Morrison, to six months.

Justice Daniel Thew Wright announced the decision of the court. It covered seventy-two closely typewritten pages, and took about two hours to read.

Bondsman were on hand and attorneys for the labor men gave notice of an intention to file an appeal to have the Supreme Court review the judgment.

In its previous review of the case the Supreme Court reversed the conviction on the grounds that the contempt proceedings had been improperly instituted. New proceedings were at once begun. The sentences under the first conviction were: Gompers, one year; Morrison, nine months; Mitchell, six months.

The charge was that the three men, as officers of the American Federation of Labor, through the organization's official publication, had disregarded Justice Gould's injunction against the publication of the Bucks Stove and Range Company's name in its "Boycott List."

After Gompers had been sentenced, he attacked the decision, declaring that while "Justice Wright lives in our time, his decision and sentences disclose a mental concept of more than two centuries ago, when the workman was either a slave or a serf."

"Information just came to me that the decision was completed more than a month ago, but withheld until after the close of the Chicago Republican National Convention. If true, the inference is obvious."

In passing sentence on President Gompers, Justice Wright said: "For the ring leader and chief offender, the duty of the court, if to be ascertained by its obligations to administer the justice of the land 'without respect to persons,' requires... in determining a penalty appropriate for this, the most dangerous and destructive of contempts, at least to parallel the extreme penalty which is fixed by good precedents."

After a lengthy recital of the functions of the law and judicial power, the opinion concluded: "The evidence shows for these respondents an insidious and persistent effort to undermine the supremacy of the law by undertaking insidiously to destroy the confidence which maintain in the integrity of the tribunals which their followers and the people with a virus of mischievous falsehoods and misrepresentation concerning the court and judges, seeking and hopeful that the support of the people might be withdrawn from these tribunals, and by this means their power undone, their judgment rendered valueless and forceless."

"The defendants are here at the court bar to answer; they have been afforded full opportunity to hear the evidence against them and to say what, if any, reasons can exist against their punishment."

"Every part of their response, for they offer no defense, is measured by the words of their leader, Gompers: 'The things I am charged with I did; go to — with your injunctions.'"

COUPLE RECONCILED.

Divorce Proceedings Brought After 38 Years of Married Life.

Norfolk, Va., June 24.—Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Bramble, of Norfolk county, became reconciled and were today reunited in the midst of divorce proceedings brought after thirty-eight years of married life. The wife had sued and the defendant appeared in rebuttal to that offered by the plaintiff. With it he intimated that a reconciliation was not impossible. D. S. Phlegar, the commissioner before whom the testimony was taken, proceeded, interested himself and probably lost a good fee by bringing the husband and wife together. The couple signed an agreement, the first paragraph of which called for immediate resumption of the marital relations, and they left Hampton Park for their country home, located near that of President Judge Lawless, of the Circuit Court of Norfolk county, on the shores of Tanner's Creek.

NEW POST-OFFICE AT BRISTOL, VIRGINIA, WILL OPEN IN JULY.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.]—Bristol, Va., June 24.—The new post-office for Bristol, Va., which is to be separate from and independent of the Bristol, Tenn., office, a matter for which Representative C. B. Stump has been contending ever since President Taft withdrew the name of his candidate from the Senate and named Mr. A. J. Toller in his stead, for head of the present post office, is to be established early in July. Charles E. Gauthier has received his commission, and will be the first postmaster. He has just been authorized to advertise for bids for a building in which to establish the office.

When the new office is established, Bristol will have two post-offices within two hundred yards of each other, and the citizens are wondering how the department is going to prevent confusion in the handling of mail. In view of the fact that letters come here daily addressed in four different forms. The difficulty for a long time will be to determine whether a piece of mail should go to the Virginia or the Tennessee office, and this promises to occasion delays, at least until the correspondents of all the Bristol people have learned to which office each person goes for his or her mail.

SMITH CONTRACT IS APPROVED BY MAYOR

Bidder on Broad Street Paving Must Give Bond and Proceed With Work or Forfeit \$1,000—Other New Laws.

Immediately after Mayor Richardson signed the ordinance awarding the contract for the smooth paving of Broad Street yesterday morning a certified copy was sent by City Clerk Ben T. August to City Engineer Charles E. Bulling, who in turn notified J. J. Smith & Company, Incorporated, the lowest bidder, that the formal contract was ready to be signed and that along with it a bond for \$25,000 would have to be executed. U to last night no reply had been received from the contractors, and none is expected, as the Smith Company, at the meeting of the Board of Aldermen, asked that it be relieved of the obligation on account of the fact that the Washington Asphalt Block and Tile Company, from which it must obtain the paving, and which was also a bidder on the contract, had refused to make a price. As required in the advertisement for bids, J. J. Smith & Company submitted with their bid a certified check for \$1,000. In the event that they refuse to take the contract as recommended by the Committee on Streets, and which has become an ordinance by reason of having passed the two branches of the Council and signed by the Mayor, this amount is forfeited to the city. Then the contract will be returned to the Street Committee for new bids. This will in doubtless place the work in the hands of the Washington Asphalt Block and Tile Company.

Aunt Sally's Advice to Beauty Seekers

Lydia says: "I've tried most everything for my freckles, but can't lose them. What do you suggest?" See answer to "Stella." The treatment suggested I've never known to fail in any case of freckles or other cutaneous blemish.

P. J. K. says: "Is there anything better than massage to remove wrinkles?" Too much massaging may aggravate a wrinkled condition, tending to soften and loosen the tissue. I advise bathing the face in an astringent lotion made by dissolving an ounce of powdered salicylic acid in a half pint witch hazel. This is remarkably effective, especially if the complexion is horribly muddy. What shall I do for it?" Get an ounce of mercurized wax at your druggist. Apply this nightly to soften and loosen the tissue. The treatment suggested I've never known to fail in any case of freckles or other cutaneous blemish.

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Stella writes: "My complexion is so horrible. I've tried everything, but nothing seems to do any good. I've been using cold cream, washing it off mornings. This will cause the offensive cuticle gradually to make way by a process of gentle absorption, for the clear, velvety, healthy-hued skin underneath.—Woman's Realm.

MORE FACTS

In asking this City for a light and power franchise the Richmond and Henrico Railway Company urges the old sophistical plea of competition, which the experience of thousands of cities and towns has proved to be a delusion and a snare.

But, even if competition in electric service were not an exploded fallacy, the Richmond and Henrico Railway Company DOES NOT OFFER YOU ANY REAL COMPETITION.

The average residence lighting customer of any electric light company does not use enough electricity to pay the interest on the investment necessary to serve him. This is just as true in Richmond as in other cities. The Virginia Railway and Power Company, at its present low rates, serves several thousand residence lighting customers AT A LOSS—and that loss is only made up by the volume of revenue from all other customers.

The Richmond and Henrico Railway Company asks a franchise which will enable that company to build a distribution system ONLY IN THE CENTRAL BUSINESS SECTION of the City, and so "compete" ONLY FOR THE LIGHT AND POWER BUSINESS OF THE LARGE CONSUMERS OF ELECTRICITY—the stores, shops and factories—without going into the residence sections at all.

In a written warning to the City Council the city's legal adviser has said:

"THE BEST FORM OF FRANCHISE WOULD UNDOUBTEDLY REQUIRE THE NAMING OF THE STREETS AND ALLEYS DESIRED TO BE OCCUPIED BY THE GRANTEE."

The Richmond and Henrico Railway Company, by its PERSISTENT ENDEAVOR TO SELL OUT to the Virginia Railway and Power Company, HAS DEMONSTRATED ITS PURPOSE TO EXPLOIT THIS PUBLIC BY OBTAINING FROM THE CITY FRANCHISES TO BARTER AND SELL.

WHY SHOULD ANYBODY BE LICENSED THUS TO LEVY TRIBUTE ON THE PEOPLE OF RICHMOND?

Virginia Railway and Power Company

Service Talk No. 31
June 25, 1912

sewer in Allen Avenue, from Colorado Avenue to Powhatan Street, to cost \$6,939.90.

Establishing the true line on the south side of Cary Street, between Tenth and Eleventh Streets.

Establishing the true line on the north side of Broad Street, between Third and Fourth Streets.

Sewers as follows: Hanover Street, from West Street to the Rosemeath Road, \$6,891; R Street, from Twenty-fifth to Twenty-sixth Streets, \$377.30; Sixth Street, from Marshall Street to Pink Alley, \$556.50; Second Street, from Broad Street to alley between Broad and Marshall Streets, \$409.94; Main Street, between Harvey and Vine Streets, \$4,030.13; Third Street, to connect with sewer on the north side of Broad Street, \$367.68; Baker Street, from Seventh Street east, \$214.50; Calhoun Street east, \$377.71.

Ordering a large number of sidewalks paved throughout the city.

Authorizing a number of street improvements in connection with the dedication of certain land made by the William Byrd Realty Corporation near the William Byrd Park.

Appropriating \$2,000 for the completion of Washington Square.

Authorizing the acquisition of land to open Kensington Avenue, between Cleveland and Tilden Streets.

Authorizing the acquisition of land on Lester Street.

Providing for the paying of the last of bonds of public works.

Appropriating \$3,000 for the Richmond Dock.

Appropriating \$592.50 on account of the new vegetable market building now being constructed.

Approving the official bond in the penalty of \$5,000 for Charles P. Cooke, clerk of special assessments, and a number of other small ordinances.

The Gondoliers of the American Venice

are young girls and happy boys and men and women who ply motor boats and canoes in the "stream streets" of the

Thousand Islands

It is a recreation city built, like Venice, on islands. Here modern hotel and outdoor life meet—golf or dancing, fishing or musicale, cards or boating—all pleasures are at hand.

There are Through Cars from New York to the Adirondack and Catskill Mountains, Thousand Islands, Saratoga Springs, Lake George and Great Mountains. Your local agent will give you complete information.

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